

UNIT 3 (2024-2025)

TEST 1 (2023-2024)

I. Which word below has different stress from the others?

1. A. **design** B. model C. future D. question
2. A. impress B. install C. begin D. **sensor**
3. A. solution B. **camera** C. effective D. electric
4. A. negative B. vehicle C. **pollution** D. operate
5. A. efficiently B. sustainable C. pedestrian D. **vegetable**
6. A. activity B. **information** C. technology D. convenient

II. Choose the best answer to complete each sentence:

7. The urban lifestyle seems more _____ to young people.
A. excite B. excited C. **exciting** D. excitingly
8. What's the matter? You look _____.
A. happily B. happiness C. **unhappy** D. unhappily
9. That kitten's fur _____ so soft.
A. **looks** B. sounds C. smells D. tastes
10. The waves crashed on the shore where they _____ cool on my hot feet.
A. appeared B. **felt** C. looked D. sounded
11. The room smells _____ and needs cleaning _____.
A. bad/**immediately** B. badly/immediate
C. badly/immediately D. bad/immediate
12. Mr. Brown looked _____ when hearing his son talking to his friends so _____.
A. angry/impolite B. **angry**/impolitely
C. angrily/impolite D. angrily/impolitely
13. The cities of the future will be _____ thanks to green technologies.
A. sustain B. **sustainable** C. sustainability D. sustainably
14. Smart devices help cities operate more _____.
A. effect B. effective C. **effectively** D. effected
15. Using public transport will help reduce traffic jam and _____.
A. pollute B. polluted C. **pollution** D. to pollute
16. Eco-friendly transport systems will reduce greenhouse gas _____.
A. emit B. emitted C. **emissions** D. to emit
17. More than fifty percent of the green city is made up _____ green areas.
A. on B. from C. **of** D. for
18. It seems a good solution _____ many environmental problems.
A. for B. **to** C. of D. in
19. Local authorities should find ways to limit the use of private cars and encourage city _____ to use public transport.
A. commuters B. planners C. **dwellers** D. people
20. Cities in poorer countries often lack basic _____.
Without it, they are unable to function properly as cities.
A. structure B. construction C. **infrastructure** D. condition
21. We will need new technologies to generate _____ energy and use it in clean and safe ways, only from fully sources.
A. liveable B. controlled C. **renewable** D. enduring
22. The new underground has allowed city dwellers to _____ more easily.
A. make up B. **get round** C. get out D. move away
23. In developing countries people are _____ overcrowded cities in great numbers.
A. breaking down B. filling up C. **pouring into** D. paying for
24. There are other problems of city life which I don't propose to _____ at the moment.
A. **go into** B. go around C. go for D. go up

Choose the word that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word:

25. Sorghum is a brand new cash crop that can be burned as a fuel and is therefore a **renewable** source of energy.
A. **inexhaustible** B. recyclable C. green D. adverse
26. The wind farm may be able to **generate** enough electricity/power for 2,000 homes.
A. afford B. **produce** C. design D. install
27. Many organizations have been **involved in** drawing up the report on environmental campaigns.
A. concerned about B. confined in
C. enquired about D. **engaged in**
- Choose the word which is OPPOSITE in meaning with the underlined word
28. People who live in towns and cities live in an **urban** environment.
A. remote B. convenient C. suburban D. **rural**
29. We need to do more to make the neighborhood safer and more **livable**.
A. inhabitable B. uninhabitable C. dangerous D. prosperous
30. You can't **neglect** your study because the exam is coming soon.
A. call on B. give off C. **focus on** D. carry out
31. I **am thinking** that living in the city is good for young people.
32. I **am not seeing** the building. It's too far away.
33. My girlfriend looks **adorably** when wearing this skirt.
34. The milk smells **terribly**, so you should throw it away.
35. The waste **disposed** system here is also innovative. There are no rubbish trucks or waste bins in the street. (**disposal**)
36. Vancouver is often considered to be one of the most **living** cities in the world. (**livable**)
- IV. WRITING:
1. Rewrite the following sentences as directed:
37. My student hasn't come to such a big city as Seoul before.
This is the first time _____
38. Her children haven't joined such an attractive party like that before.
This is the first time _____
39. It would not be good for your classmate to use his smartphone during the lesson.
Your classmate shouldn't _____
40. Customers are advised to check their luggage before leaving the airport.
Customers should _____
2. Make sentences with the cues given:
41. Build/smart city/seem/ impossible /everyone 50 years / ago.
-> Building a smart city seemed impossible for everyone 50 years ago.
42. I / not think / live / in a smart city / good / everyone.
-> I don't think living in a smart city is good for everyone.
43. Poverty/overcrowding/ruin/life/people/many big cities.
-> Poverty and overcrowding are ruining the life of people in many big cities.

44. Due/poverty/overcrowding, /life/people/many big cities/ ruin.

-> Due to poverty and overcrowding, the life of people in many big cities is being ruined.

3. Write an essay:

45. **Write an article (80-100 words) about other advantages and disadvantages of roof gardens in the city.**

Use the ideas below to help you.

Advantages	Disadvantages
- Improving air quality	- Being expensive
- Creating habitats for wildlife	- Increasing weight on the structure
- Interacting and connecting with nature	- Being difficult to repair and maintain

V. SPEAKING:

46. Some characteristics of green cities.

- Reduce native impact on the environment
- City dwellers use public transport; such as trams and electric buses to reduce traffic jams and pollution

47. Some characteristics of smart cities.

AI technologies such as; cameras, robots and smart sensors will be installed to help the city operate more effectively.

48. Disadvantages of living in smart cities?

- City dwellers may lose their right to privacy in public areas.
- It is not easy for some people to get familiar with and use the smart devices.
- City dwellers may feel lonely because there are most AI technologies around them.

49. Do you like living in a green city or a smart one? Why so?

TEST 2 (2024-2025)

UNIT 3_11_GLOBAL SUCCESS 24-25

I. STRESS: 4 -0-0-0

1. A. resident B. occupy C. inhabit D. conference
2. A. install B. complete C. alive D. special
3. A. livable B. contrary C. quality D. pollution
4. A. environment B. infrastructure C. inhabitant D. community

II. GRAMMAR: 1-2-1-0

5. Tom sounded _____ when I spoke to him on the phone.
A. angry B. angrily C. to be angry D. be angry
6. The room _____ quiet when teachers entered.
A. gets B. got C. is getting D. was getting
7. The situation looks _____. We must do something.
A. good B. well C. bad D. badly
8. The chef tasted the meat _____ before presenting it to the President.
A. cautious B. more cautious C. cautiously D. much cautiously

III. VOCABULARY: 3-1-1-0

9. There may be a greater focus _____ public transportation and walkability, rather than car-centric design.

- A. on B. for C. of D. in

10. There is also a growing awareness _____ the need to reduce our impact on the environment

- A. for B. of C. in D. with

11. Some smart _____ are difficult to use and without training, city dwellers might find them useless.

- A. technology B. technological C. technologies D. technologically

12. Street lights can turn off when the streets are empty, and _____ can inform waste collection teams when the bins are full.

- A. authorities B. infrastructures C. sensors D. facilities

13. The new underground has allowed city dwellers to _____ more easily

- A. make up B. get round C. get out D. move away

IV. SYNONYM: 0-1-1-0

14. In my opinion, the **benefits** of smart technologies outweigh the drawbacks.

- A. disadvantages B. advantages C. effects D. measures

15. Future cities will need to implement innovative solutions to **cope with** the challenges of rapid urbanization and population growth.

- A. deal with B. make up
C. run for D. go up

V. ANTONYM: 0-1-1-0

16. If I take the **pessimistic** viewpoint, Tokyo won't be a safe place to live in.

- A. negative B. optimistic C. optical D. neutral

17. The basic challenge for **sustainable** agriculture is to maximize the use of locally available and renewable resources.

- A. long-term B. short-term
C. beneficial D. harmful

VI. ERROR: 1-1-0-0

18. We **are believing** that the **new** underground will **reduce**

traffic jams **in** the urban centre.

19. The population **gets** larger in big **cities**. What do you

think we **should** do?

VII. WRITING: 0-2-2-0

1. urban lifestyle/ seem/ exciting/ young people.

=> *The urban lifestyle seems exciting to young people.*

2. museum/ look/ beauty/ a distance.

=> *The museum looks beautiful from a distance.*

3. Smart/ technology/ make/ our/ life/ easier/by/ reduce/ housework.

=> *Smart technologies make our lives easier by reducing housework*

4. City/ dweller/ stop/ use/ private/ car/ reduce/ greenhouse/ gas/ emission.

=> *City dwellers stop using private cars to reduce greenhouse gas emissions*

+ **Paragraph:** about the advantages of roof garden in the city.

Suggestions: -Improving air quality
- Creating habitats for wildlife
- Interacting and connecting with nature

VIII/ SPEAKING:

1. Do you want to live in a smart city? Why/ Why not?
2. What do you think the environment will be like in the cities of the future?
3. What are some advantages and disadvantages of living in smart cities?

***Advantages:**

- Smart technologies makes people's lives easier.
- Smart devices help cities operate more effectively.

.....

***Disadvantages:**

- City dwellers may lose their right to privacy in public areas.
- People feel lonely.

.....

2025-2026

Unit 3 (11)

I. STRESS (1-1)

1. A. sensor B. traffic C. modern **D. agree**
2. article **B. interact**
- C. privacy D. operate

II. LANGUAGE

- (VOCA + GRAM 4-4-1) SYNONYM+ ANTONYM (0-2-1)

3. In the future, cities will use energy more _____ to save resources.
A. efficiency B. efficient **C. efficiently** D. inefficiency
4. Future cities will have more _____ parks and green spaces for people to relax.
A. nature **B. natural** C. naturally D. unnatural
5. Life in future cities _____ more convenient for people.
A. seems B. do C. have D. think
6. With more green buildings, the city _____ more natural and peaceful.
A. has B. protect **C. appears** D. move
7. To decide the winner of the competition, the examiners _____ candidates' dishes now.
A. taste B. tasted **C. are tasting** D. was tasting
8. What's the matter with Mary? She _____ upset.
A. seem B. **seems** C. is seeming D. was seeming
9. City _____ will stop using their cars in urban areas.
A. dwellers B. governments
C. authorities D. researchers
10. Building a good _____ is important for the country's economy.
A. building B. Skyscraper **C. infrastructure** D. centre
11. The new underground has allowed city dwellers to _____ more easily
A. make up **B. get round** C. get out D. move away

Mark the letter A. B. C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in the following question

12. This new machine is very **productive** and saves a lot of time.

- A. lazy B. **efficient** C. slow D. complicated

13. Don't **throw away** your time playing games all day.

- A. spend B. save C. use **D. waste**

Mark the letter A. B. C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in the following question.

14. The traffic is usually very light after **rush hour**.

- A. busy time B. crowded period
C. quiet time D. working hour

*** ORDERING (3-3-0)**

15.

- a. Hung: Yes, robots will help with cleaning, cooking, and even teaching.
- b. Lan: That's so cool! Life will be much easier then.
- c. Lan : I heard future cities will be full of robots. Is that true?

- A. a-b-c **B. c-a-b** C. c-b-a D. b-a-c

16.

- a. Mary: That will make the air much fresher to breathe.
- c. Mary: Do you think cities will be cleaner in the future?
- b. John: Yes, people will use renewable energy instead of fossil fuels.

- A. a-b-c B. c-a-b **C. c-b-a** D. b-a-c

17.

- a. Nam: How will people travel in future cities?
- b. Nam: That would make transportation faster and safer.
- c. Phong: They'll probably use self-driving electric buses.

- A. a-b-c B. c-a-b C. c-b-a D. a-c-b

18.

- a. I don't think so. Cities will use clean energy like solar and wind power.
- b. That's great! The air will be much fresher.
- c. Do you think pollution will be a problem in the future?

d. Yes, and people will live longer because of better air quality.

A. c-a-b-d

B. c- b-d-a

C. b-a-c-d

D. b-d-a-c

19.

a. Like cleaning and shopping?

b. Exactly. Some robots might even work as teachers

c. Will robots be common in future cities?

d. Yes, they'll help people with many daily tasks. or doctors.

A. c-a-b-d

B. c- d-a-b

C. b-a-c-d

D. b-d-a-c

20.

a. People will use electric cars and flying taxis.

b. Yes, and there will be no traffic jams anymore.

c. How will people travel in the future?

d. That sounds amazing! It will save so much time.

A. c-a-d-b

B. c- d-a-b

C. b-a-c-d

D. b-d-a-c

* WRITING

Rewrite the sentences. (2-2-0)

1. She is beautiful in that dress

She
looks _____

(She **looks beautiful** in that dress.)

2. He became tired after working all day.

He got _____

(He **got tired** after working all day.)

3. She owns a beautiful house near the lake.

(Using **HAS**)

—
(She **has a beautiful house near the lake.**)

3. This perfume smells nice. (Using **HAS**)

—
(This perfume **has a nice smell.**)

*Topic

Write a paragraph (80-100) words) about disadvantages of living in a smart city ,use the cues given

- Being
difficult
to use

without
training

- Limiting
privacy
- Not
protectin
g
personal
informat
ion

SPEAKING

Topic: Talk about cities in the future

-Using public transport

-Using modern technologies

- Having smart street infrastructure

1. What kind of transportation will people use in the cities of the future?

2. What problems might future cities face, and how can we solve them?

3. Do you think future cities will be more eco-friendly? Why or why not?