

REVIEW FOR FIRST MID-TERM TEST Oct, 2022

Full name: _____, Class: 12/ _____ (10 years)

Period _____ : UNIT 1

I. Which underlined letters are differently pronounced from the others?

1. A. relaxed B. **provided** C. laughed D. liked
2. A. **worked** B. loved C. robbed D. played
3. A. continued B. called C. answered D. **relaxed**
4. A. laughed B. **pointed** C. stopped D. missed

II. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.

1. A. overcome B. dedicate C. stimulate D. strategist
2. A. **volunteer** B. official C. invader D. prosthetic
3. A. anonymous B. respectable C. **perseverance** D. historical
4. A. **influential** B. celebrity C. initially D. acceptable

III. Choose the best answer:

GRAMMAR:

1. ___ actress's life is in many ways unlike that of other women.

- A. **An** B. A C. Ø D. The

2. She works seven days _____ week.

- A. **a** B. the C. an D. Ø

3. She came into the room while they _____ television.

- A. have watched B. watched
C. have been watching D. **were watching**

4. I witnessed a car crash when I _____ for the taxi.

- A. **was waiting** B. have waited
C. have been waiting D. waited

5. She _____ to Ho Chi Minh city last year.

- A. goes B. has gone C. will go D. **went**

6. We are too late. The plane _____ off ten minutes ago.

- A. **took** B. has taken C. had taken D. was taken

7. Mr. Smith is _____ old customer and _____ honest man.

- A. **an/an** B. an/the C. the/the D. an/a

8. We are having _____ terrible weather which is quite strange.

Usually _____ weather in UK is not this bad.

- A. the/the B. a/the C. Ø/the D. Ø/Ø

9. The Titanic _____ the Atlantic when it _____ an iceberg.

- A. **was crossing** / struck B. had crossed / was striking
C. crossed / had struck D. is crossing / strikes

10. We _____ our quality time when the unexpected guess _____.

- A. had had/was coming B. **were having**/came
C. had/had come D. is having/comes

11. Yesterday, I _____ for work late because I _____ to set my alarm.

- A. had left / forgot B. was leaving / was forgetting
C. **left** /had forgotten D. had been leaving / would forget

12. The grass _____ yellow because it _____ all summer.

- A. had been/rained B. was/was raining
C. **was/had** not rained D. had been/would rain

13. _____, she will have retired.

- A. Until my mother has been sixty

B. By the time my mother is sixty

C. When my mother was sixty

D. After my mother had got sixty

14. _____, I will take her out to eat.

A. After Julia has finished her exam

B. By the time Julia finished her exam

C. As soon as Julia had finished her exam

D. Whenever Julia is finishing her exam

15. When I returned home late last night, he has already left.

16. The robber escaped from the building by the time the police came there.

17. My uncle's hobby is drinking coffee in a morning.

18. The Gordons is a very interesting family. They enjoy traveling around world.

VOCABULARY:

1 During the Medieval period, people were made public _____ of being witches.

- A. accuse B. **accused** C. accusative D. accusation

2. This school has an excellent _____ in the community.

- A. reputable B. repute C. **reputation** D. disrepute

3. Martin Luther King devoted his life to the _____ of voting right for black people.

- A. achieve B. achieved C. **achievement** D. achievable

4. iPhone 7 is the latest _____ in the field of smartphone design of Apple.

- A. creating B. create C. creative D. **creation**

5. Mark Zuckerberg's enormous success has taken a lot of hardwork and _____.

- A. dedicate B. **dedication** C. dedicated D. dedicating

6. Doing things with _____ will give us true happiness. The more we give away, the happier we are.

- A. **generosity** B. generous C. generously D. general

7. Elvis Presley was _____ for the idea that rock 'n' roll music was having a negative effect on American teenagers.

- A. accused B. convicted C. **criticized** D. charged

8. The speaker paused. He _____ to answer the direct question raised by the audience.

- A. decided B. continued C. determined D. **wavered**

9. They are going to have to _____ his left leg which was badly injured in the accident.

- A. **amputate** B. distinguish C. hesitate D. reveal

10. I used to _____ David Beckham because of his dedication and talent.

- A. relieve B. express C. **idolize** D. manage

11. The stores will inevitably end up _____ with each other to increase their market shares.

- A. contesting B. coping C. **competing** D. completing

12. Thanks to the help of the teacher, she is _____ encouraging progress in math.

- A. doing B. **making** C. checking D. stopping

Which word is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word?

13. Her courage not only inspired her followers but moved her rivals as well.

- A. depressed B. **motivated** C. overlooked D. rejected

14. Recognizably smaller than most of the kids in his age group, Lionel Messi was diagnosed by doctors as suffering from a hormone deficiency that restricted his growth.

- A. **inadequacy** B. sufficiency C. abundance D. strength

Which word is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word?

15. Clara did not care how low the Phineas fortune had fallen; no proper respectable girl would allow herself to be a maid.

- A. **disreputable** B. worthy C. paltry D. infamous

16. Henry VIII was equally anonymous for his six marriages and several scandalous love affairs.

- A. **notorious** B. reputable C. acceptable D. creative

COMMUNICATION:

1. Two students are talking about a famous person they admire.

Lam: "What do you think about Steve Jobs?"

Phu: "_____"

- A. Oh, That's right! B. I doubt it. It is not true.

- C. **Well, he is** talented. D. I agree with you about him.

2. Phi and Nhi are chatting in their break time.

Phi: "Did you watch The Voice last night?"

Nhi: "_____"

- A. There are many exciting programs on TV

- B. Not now. I am studying.

- C. I think it is so great.

- D. For **a while, then** I had to study.

3. Tom's group are still wavering about choosing famous persons for their presentation tomorrow.

Tom: "Shall we talk about Michael Jackson or Christina Ha?"

Lucy: "_____"

A. Never mind. There is always something to do.

B. **We'd better talk** about them both.

C. Wow! They are adorable.

D. Oh, I see what you mean.

COMBINATION:

1. *A car hit the fence of my garden. I was cleaning the swimming pool.*

A. Because a car hit the fence, I was cleaning the swimming pool.

B. A car hit the fence and I was cleaning the swimming pool.

C. **I was cleaning** the swimming pool when a car hit the fence.

D. I was cleaning the swimming pool then a car hit the fence.

2. *The lights went out. We were having our housewarming party.*

A. The lights went out and we were having our housewarming party.

B. **We were having our housewarming** party when the lights went out.

C. Because the lights went out, we were having our housewarming party.

D. We were having our housewarming party, then the lights went out.

3. *I have never attended such an enjoyable wedding party. This is the first time for me.*

A. The first wedding party I attended was enjoyable.

B. I had the first enjoyable wedding party.

C. My attendance at the first wedding party was enjoyable.

D. **I have never attended such an enjoyable wedding party before.**

4. *Teaching in such a remote area is a new experience for me. I have never done this before.*

A. I used to teach in such a remote area a long time ago.

B. I am accustomed to teaching in such a remote area.

C. I have ever had experience in teaching in such a remote area.

D. **I have never taught in such a remote area before.**

5. *Mr. Han told us about his investing in the company. He did it on his arrival at the meeting.*

A. Not until Mr. Han told us that he would invest in the company did he arrive at the meeting.

B. Hardly had he informed us about his investing in the company when Mr. Han arrived at the meeting.

C. Only after investing in the company did Mr. Han inform us of his arrival at the meeting.

D. **No sooner had Mr. Han arrived at the meeting than he told us about his investing in the company.**

6. *The boy just got out of his house. It started to rain heavily.*

A. It had rained heavily before the boy got out of his house.

B. **Scarcely had the boy got out of his house when it started to rain heavily.**

C. Not until it started to rain heavily did the boy get out of his house.

D. No sooner had it started to rain heavily than the boy got out of his house.

TRANSFORMATION:

1. *During my visit to Ha Noi, I met my old friend.*

A. I met my old friend, who was visiting Ha Noi.

B. I met my old friend because she visited Ha Noi.

C. Ha Noi is a city where I met my old friend.

D. **I met my old friend as I was visiting Ha Noi.**

2. *In the middle of my party, the lights went out.*

A. After the lights had gone out, I had my party.

B. I had my party, which made the lights go out.

C. Before the lights went out, I had had my party.

D. **While I was having a party, the lights went out.**

3. *The last time I saw her was three years ago.*

A. This is the first time I have seen her.

B. I saw her three years ago and will never meet her.

C. I have seen her for the last three years.

D. **I have not seen her for three years.**

4. *It has been a long time since they last met.*

A. They have met for a long time.

B. **They haven't met for a long time.**

C. They have never met before.

D. They didn't meet a long time ago.

5. *Jacky didn't join the design contest until the boss encouraged him.*

A. Jacky had joined the design contest before the boss encouraged him.

B. **Before Jacky joined the design contest, he had been encouraged by the boss.**

C. After joining the design contest, Jacky had been encouraged by the boss.

D. Scarcely had Jacky joined the design contest when the boss encouraged him.

6. *The secretary didn't phone her boss until the business partner signed the contract.*

A. **The secretary** phoned her boss after the contract had been signed by the business partner.

B. After phoning her boss, the secretary signed the contract with the business partner.

C. Before the contract was signed by the business partner, the secretary had phoned her boss.

D. Hardly had the secretary phoned her boss when she signed the contract with the business partner.

UNIT 2:

I. Which underlined letters are differently pronounced from the others?

1. A. beard B. hear C. rear D. swear

2. A. account B. found C. country D. mounting

3. A. navigate B. necessitate C. inadequate D. debate

4. A. town B. cow C. snow D. brown

II. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.

5. A. emigrate B. immigrate C. advocate D. **inhabit**

6. A. agriculture B. industrial C. economy D. experience

7. A. initiative B. **electronic** C. immediate D. facility

8. A. **sanitation** B. conservative C. inhabitant D. industrial

III. Choose the best answer: GRAMMAR: 16 câu:

1. The recommendation that she ____ a holiday was carried out.

A. takes B. **take** C. taken D. taking

2. It's vital that the United States ____ on improving its public education system.

A. focuses B. **focus** C. focusing D. focused

3. We request that she ____ the window.

A. **not open** B. not to open C. not opening D. to not open

4. The monk insisted that the tourists ____ the temple until they had removed their shoes.

A. **not enter** B. not entering C. not to enter D. to not enter

5. It is necessary that you ____ able to come with us.

A. are B. **be** C. being D. to be

6. Howard prefers that I ____ to his party.

A. am going B. **go** C. going D. will go

7. Mary demanded that the heater ____ immediately. Her apartment was freezing.

A. repaired B. **be repaired** C. repairs D. will be repaired

8. It is essential that cancer ____ and treated as early as possible in order to assure a successful cure.

A. diagnose B. be diagnosed C. will diagnose D. diagnoses

9. It was ____ that Oscar study the material more carefully before attempting to pass the exam.

A. believed B. suggested C. rumored D. invited

10. The boy _____ that first-year students be permitted to change their courses in the first two weeks.

A. requested B. decided C. introduced D. rumored

11. _____ fumes of cars and factories are the primary reasons for _____ air pollution.

A. The/ an B. **The/ X** C. X/ X D. The/ the

12. You'll get ____ shock if you touch ____ live wire with that screwdriver.

A. a/ the B. X/ **the** C. X/ X D. the/ the

13. Rural people _____ that they _____.

A. demands/not look down on

B. insisted/not be looked up to

C. demanded/not be looked down on

D. insists/not look up to

14. Many Indian women _____ that they _____.

A. insists/not be looked up to

B. demands/not be looked down on

C. demanded/be looked down on

D. insisted/be looked up to

15. The government demanded that rural people be allow to live and look for jobs in big cities.

16. Miss Loan recommended that our class be divide into six groups to work on the unit project.

17. There is a rise of 15 % in the number of urban inhabitants from 1990 to 1995.

18. The number of young people working on farms have decreased sharply over the past years.

VOCABULARY: 12 câu

1. The support policies for social housing development in Vietnam remained _____ as only a few people were lucky enough to be able to get access to preferential loans.

A. effect B. effected C. **ineffective** D. ineffectively

2. A smart sustainable city will meet the needs of present and future generations with respect to _____, social and environmental aspects.

A. economy B. **economic** C. economize D. economizing

3. The map of top ten most densely _____ countries in the world includes Monaco, Singapore, Bahrain, Malta and Bangladesh.

A. **populated** B. populating C. population D. popularity

4. Interactive games could be used in order to keep students _____.

A. engages B. **engaged** C. engagement D. engaging

5. Nearly half of the world's 3.9 billion urban dwellers reside in _____ small settlements with fewer than 500,000 inhabitants.

A. relate B. relation C. relative **D. relatively**

6. MEDCs stands for more _____ developed countries.

A. economic B. economical C. **economically** D. economy

7. Slums are urban areas that are _____ populated with substandard housing and very poor living conditions.

A. thinly B. sharply C. crowdedly **D. heavily**

8. Access to education, health, social services and cultural activities is more _____ available to people in cities than in villages.

A. **readily** B. willingly C. extremely D. comparatively

9. Small farmers find it harder to _____ a living not just because of bad weather conditions such as drought, floods, or storms, but because they can't compete with large agricultural companies.

A. **make** B. get C. have D. try

10. In terms of economic benefits, the national income statistics have shown that Bangkok and the surrounding areas usually _____ more than 50% of the gross domestic product.

A. overload B. propose C. **generate** D. compare

11. Although it was more than an hour late, the superstar finally showed up and _____ the attention of the audience.

A. grabbed B. held C. paid D. took

12. A high increase in crime rates is _____ by the majority of the people in urban cities.

A. affected B. fluctuated C. influenced **D. suffered**

Which word is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word?

13. Many of the immigrants have intermarried with the island's original inhabitants.

A. foreigners B. landlords C. newcomers **D. dwellers**

14. Urbanization brings with it several consequences - both adverse and beneficial.

A. positive B. dramatical C. disadvantageous D. preferential

Which word is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word?

15. Many people move to urban areas seeking for job opportunity as well as stable employment.

A. durable B. gradual C. accessible **D. temporary**

16. Without economic security and amid poor living conditions, crime is inevitable.

A. unavoidable B. compulsory C. acceptable **D. preventable**

COMMUNICATION:

1. *Mark and Jenny are preparing for their presentation about urbanization.*

Mark: "_____ " Jenny: "I think there are various reasons."

A. Do you mind if I think about reasons for urbanization?

B. Can you give me the definition of urbanization?

C. **What do you** think about reasons for urbanization?

D. Would you mind thinking about the reasons for urbanization?

2. *Phu and Thu are discussing about living standard in big cities.*

Phu: "I think that higher living standard is one of the reasons that many people want to be a city dweller." Thu : "_____ "

A. **I couldn't agree** more. B. It's nice of you to say so.

C. That's quite all right.

D. Oh, I have to think more about my life.

3. *My group are talking about life in rural areas.*

Anna: "In my opinion, some people should stay in rural areas as well as work on agriculture." Mark: "_____ "

A. I'm not afraid I don't agree. B. **I'm not sure** about that.

C. I'm so sorry, but I agree. D. Not at all, thanks.

COMBINATION:

1. *He'd better get into a good university. It's important for him.*

A. **It's important that** he get into a good university.

B. They advised that he got into a good university.

C. I wish he wouldn't get into a good university.

D. Getting into a good university is not necessary for him.

2. *Every student must wear uniform. It is obligatory.*

A. It's **obligatory that** every student wear uniform.

B. The principal insisted that every student wore uniform.

C. We wish we were obligatory to wear uniform.

D. Wearing uniform is not obligatory for every student.

3. *I think that the nurses ought to transfer the man to a private room. It's very vital for him in that situation.*

A. It's necessary that the man transfer to a private room.

B. It was demanded that he be transferred to a private room.

C. The man suggested that the nurses be transferred to a private room.

D. It's imperative that the man is transferred to a private room.

4. I think that the boss had better watch the software thoroughly before installing it. It's important.

A. It's vital that the software watch thoroughly before installing it.

B. The staff insisted that the software should be installed before watching it.

C. **It's important that the software be watched thoroughly before installing it.**

D. The boss suggested that the software is watched thoroughly before installing it.

5. In 1960, the rate of urbanization in Indonesia was about 17%. In 1969, it was about 20%.

A. The rate of urbanization in Indonesia increased by 3% in 1969 followed by a slight fall to 17% in 1960.

B. The rate of urbanization in Indonesia rose to 20% before falling to 17% in the period of nine years from 1960.

C. In 1960, the rate of urbanization in Indonesia was about 17% after falling slightly by 3% in the period of nine years.

D. **In 1960, the rate of urbanization in Indonesia was about 17% followed by a slight increase of 3% in 1969.**

6. The expenditure of the office remained stable. The profit rose by 25%.

A. Owing to the stabilization of the office's expenditure, the profit rose by 25%.

B. The profit rose by 25% as a result of the stabilization of the office's expenditure.

C. Despite the stabilization of the office's expenditure, **the profit rose by 25%**

D. The profit rose by 25% due to the stabilization of the office's expenditure.

TRANSFORMATION:

1. "Why don't you ask for her money yourself?"

A. My friend suggests that I **should ask for her money myself.**

B. It is suggested that I not ask for her money myself.

C. My friend suggests that I don't ask for her money herself.

D. My friend suggests that I asked for her money herself.

2. "Why don't you join the English speaking contest?"

A. Her roommate suggests that she not join the English speaking contest.

B. It is suggested that she doesn't join the English speaking contest.

C. Her **roommate suggests** that she join the English speaking contest.

D. Her roommate suggests that she joined the English speaking contest.

3. There was a 5% drop in the student enrollment of the university.

A. **The student enrollment of the university dropped by 5%.**

B. The student enrollment of the university dropped for 5%.

C. The student enrollment of the university dropped in 5%.

D. The student enrollment of the university dropped to 5%.

4. There was a 30% rise in the rate of unemployment.

A. There was a rise by 30% in the rate of unemployment.

B. **There was a rise of 30% in the rate of unemployment.**

C. There was a rise to 30% in the rate of unemployment.

D. There was a rise up 30% in the rate of unemployment.

5. The rural population grew slowly from 1950 to 1990 and reached its peak in 1992.

A. The rural population experienced an upward trend from 1950 to 1992.

B. The **rural population hit its** highest level in 1992 after a slight increase in 40 years.

C. The rural population leveled off in 1992 after growing slowly for 40 years.

D. The rural population reached its lowest level in 1992 after growing slowly for 40 years.

6. *The number of unemployed people doubled between 2005 and 2009.*

A. Twice as many people were unemployed in 2005 compared to 2009.

B. Twice as many people were unemployed in 2009 than in 2005.

C. There were twice as many unemployed people in 2005 compared to 2009.

D. **There were twice as many unemployed** people in 2009 as in 2005.

UNIT 3:

I. Which underlined letters are differently pronounced from the others?

1. A. bargain B. campaign C. explain D. complain

2. A. zone B. bone C. stone D. none

3. A. poor B. tourist C. usual D. floor

4. A. knife B. divide C. krill D. migrate

II. Choose the word which is stressed differently from the rest.

1. A. dangerous B. vinegar C. develop C. chemical

2. A. renewable B. **temperature** C. participate D. environment

3. A. organic B. **habitat** C. pollution D. consider

4. A. alternative B. particular C. technology D. **electronic**

III. Choose the best answer:

GRAMMAR: 16 câu:

1. Some foods taste good, _____ they do not have many nutrients. A. **but** B. due to C. despite D. because of

2. Germs can cause infections in parts of our body _____ can make us feel unwell. A. **and** B. though C. because D. if

3. _____ I were you, I wouldn't take that job. A. Because of B. **if** C. owing to D. thanks to

4. You will be seriously ill _____ you stop smoking. A. in spite of B. **unless** C. in order to D. due to

5. Illegal dumping is strictly prohibited in the town, _____ has helped to keep our environment clean and green. A. **which** B. that C. who D. whom

6. Young people are starting to practise simple green living, _____ will help to save our planet for future generations. A. that B. who C. whom D. **which**

7. We read food labels carefully _____ we want to buy only organic products. A. **because** B. though C. unless D. so

8. The kids show some hatred towards him _____ he was really nice to them. A. because B. before C. unless D. **even though**

9. He bought a present _____ from a souvenir shop in Paris. A. **he gave me** B. which is given to me C. that I am given D. he gave me it

10. The chemistry book _____ was a bit valuable. A. my **father bought** for me B. which I am bought C. my father bought it D. that is being bought for me

11. We reuse bags, old clothes and scrap paper at home _____. A. **so that we can reduce** waste. B. but we have reduced waste. C. or we will reduce waste. D. by the time we reduce waste.

12. We should use recycled materials _____. A. but we have saved energy. B. in **order that we can save** energy. C. or we will save energy. D. as soon as we save energy.

13. She failed the the University entrance exam **because of** her grades were bad.

14. **In spite of** he has a physical handicap, he has become a successful businessman.

15. The flight **on it** I wanted to travel was fully booked

16. That's the young girl **to that** I spoke yesterday.

VOCABULARY: 16 câu

1. It turned out to be a ____ journey when the weather became bad. A. hazard B. **hazardous** C. hazarded D. hazards

2. In the ____ agriculture, farmers try to limit the use of chemicals and fertilizers.

A. sustain B. sustained C. **sustainable** D. sustainability

3. Scientists are becoming more and more concerned about how to ____ of waste safely.

A. **dispose** B. disposes C. disposed D. disposal

4. We should plant more trees to ____ our environment.

A. **conserve** B. conservation C. conservative D. conserved

5. We need to learn more about complete and incomplete ____ to reduce air pollution.

A. combust B. combusted C. **combustion** D. combustible

6. Organic vegetables are considered healthier because they are grown without the use of chemical ____.

A. fertile B. fertilize C. **fertilizers** D. fertilizing

7. In Singapore, people try to ____ 80% of all waste.

A. control B. reclaim C. **recycle** D. reuse

8. We need to act quickly to ____ to climate change, or it will be a disaster for the whole planet.

A. **adapt** B. impose C. reverse D. transit

9. Everybody should ____ an effort to go green, which can help to save our planet for future generations.

A. do B. have C. **make** D. pay

10. Some people think that the energy resources we use cannot be ____.

A. depleted B. destroyed C. renewed D. produced

11. Some families in Viet Nam have started using ____ farming methods to grow vegetables at home.

A. new B. regional C. **organic** D. chemical

12. The increase of using motor vehicle, automobile, .. has resulted in ____ on the roads.

A. **congestion** B. sanitation C. fluctuation D. concentration

Which word is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word?

13. For environmental safety, we need to find ways to reduce emission of fumes and smoke of factories.

A. leak B. **release** C. poison D. pollutant

14. Scientists are trying to find an energy that consumes less fuel. A. waste B. destroy C. dispose D. **use**

Which word is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word?

15. I don't believe in anything he says, he is unreliable.

A. inaccurate B. unstable C. **trustworthy** D. irresponsible

16. She stays incredibly focused and is never distracted by others.

A. disturbed B. confused C. bewildered D. **concentrated**

COMMUNICATION:

1. *The tourist guide is talking to Laura.*

TG: "During the trip, we can visit some wildlife reserves to see lions and giraffes." Laura: "_____"

A. That's great. How does it work? B. Oh, I see. No problem.

C. **Really? I am so excited.** D. That was OK at first.

2. *A foreigner is asking a driver about the way to station.*

Foreigner: "Excuse me. Could you tell me the way to Central Station?" - Driver: "_____"

A. **Sure. Just go along** this street.

B. Oh no. This way will take us nowhere.

C. There is no way you can do it.

D. That's it! Thanks for your instruction!

3. *John meets Maria at the campus and he says.*

John: "Let's visit Ba Na Hills after finishing the first mid-term exam." Maria: "_____"

A. **That sounds great!**

B. Your words are acceptable

C. No, I don't quite agree.

D. Yes, I accept that

COMBINATION:

1. *The water in this river is seriously polluted. This places some species of native fish in danger of extinction.*

A. **The water in this river** is seriously polluted, which places some species of native fish in danger of extinction.

B. Although the water in this river is seriously polluted, this places some species of native fish in danger of extinction.

C. The water in this river is seriously polluted, but this places some species of native fish in danger of extinction.

D. Unless the water in this river is seriously polluted, this places some species of native fish in danger of extinction.

2. *Young people are starting to practise simple green living. This will help to save our planet for future generations.*

A. Unless young people are starting to practise simple green living, this will help to save our planet for future generations.

B. Young people are starting to practise simple green living, but this will help to save our planet for future generations.

C. Although young people are starting to practise simple green living, this will help to save our planet for future generations.

D. **Young people are starting** to practise simple green living, which will help to save our planet for future generations.

3. *My sister doesn't do her homework. She doesn't wash the dishes.*

A. My **sister neither does** her homework nor washes the dishes.

B. My sister both does her homework and washes the dishes.

C. My sister either does her homework or washes the dishes.

D. My sister not only does the homework but also washes the dishes.

4. *Anna doesn't pay attention to the teacher's explanation. She doesn't write the lesson either.*

A. Anna not only pays attention to the teacher's explanation but also writes the lesson.

B. Ann either pays attention to the teacher's explanation or writes the lesson as well.

C. Ann both pays attention to the teacher's explanation and writes the lesson as well.

D. **Ann neither pays** attention to the teacher's explanation nor writes the lesson as well.

5. *Those candidates do not submit their papers. They will fail the exam.*

A. Those candidates, who will fail the exam, do not submit their papers.

B. Despite not submitting their papers, those candidates will fail the exam.

C. Those candidates do not want to submit their papers due to failing the exam.

D. **Those candidates, whose** papers are not submitted, will fail the exam.

6. *Those journalists don't carry their cards. They will not be allowed to enter the Press conference.*

A. Because of not enjoying to enter the Press conference, those journalists don't carry their cards.

B. In spite of not carrying their cards, those journalists will be allowed to enter the Press conference.

C. **Those journalists, whose** cards are not carried, will not be allowed to enter the Press conference.

D. Those journalists, who will not be allowed to enter the Press conference, don't carry their cards.

TRANSFORMATION:

1. *Recycled materials will help to save energy, so we should use them.*

A. Though recycled materials will help to save energy, we should use them.

B. We should use recycled materials because this will help to save energy.

C. Unless we use recycled materials, they will help to save energy them.

D. Recycled materials will help to save energy so that we shouldn't use them.

2. *Some farmers are aware of the high exhaust emissions from old diesel trucks, but they still use them.*

A. Because some farmers are aware of the high exhaust emissions from old diesel trucks, they still use them.

B. Some farmers still use old diesel trucks although they are aware of their high exhaust emissions.

C. Unless some farmers are aware of the high exhaust emissions from old diesel trucks, they still use them.

D. Some farmers are aware of the high exhaust emissions from old diesel trucks so that they won't use them.

3. *Tommy was the youngest athlete that they gave a gold medal.*

A. Tommy was the youngest athlete to give them a gold medal.

B. Tommy was the youngest athlete to be given a gold medal.

C. The gold medal was given to Tommy though he was the youngest athlete.

D. They were given a gold medal by Tommy because he was young.

4. *George was the brightest man in England that they chose to represent the committee at the convention.*

A. George was the brightest man in England to choose them to represent the committee at the convention.

B. George was the brightest man in England to be chosen to represent the committee at the convention.

C. Although George is the brightest man in England, he was chosen to represent the committee at the convention.

D. They were chosen to represent the committee at the convention by George because he was the brightest man in England.

5. *The heavy snow couldn't prevent the adventurers from going on climbing up the mountains.*

A. Because it snowed heavily, the adventurers couldn't go on climbing up the mountains.

B. Heavily as it snowed, the adventurers still went on climbing up the mountains.

C. However heavily it snows, the adventurers still go on climbing up the mountains.

D. The heavy snow made the adventurers impossible to go on climbing up the mountains.

6. *Slippery roads also couldn't prevent the athletes from completing the motor race.*

A. However slippery roads are, the athletes still complete the motor race.

B. Slippery roads made the athletes impossible to complete the motor race.

C. The athletes can't complete the motor race because of slippery roads.

D. Slippery as roads were, the athletes still completed the motor race.